Sustainability: fashionable trend or real concern for Italian consumers?



Centro Studi ASSIRM





Objectives

- To investigate on a representative sample of Italian consumers:
 - Attitudes towards sustainability (at environmental, economic and social level)
 - Main areas/topics of interest
 - Perceived interest and committment
 - Perceived level of information on sustainability issues (in terms of both quantity and quality)



Methodology

- Online questionnaire (CAWI), including:
 - ❖ Ad-hoc measures
 - ❖ Validated measures (*The Attitudes toward Sustainable Development scale*, Biasutti & Frate, 2016)

■ Field: November 2018

Representative sample of Italian consumers (N = 1437)



Notes

When referring to environmental, economic, and social sustainability, the following definitions were provided to respondents:

- ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY → the maintenance of the factors and practices that contribute to the quality of environment on a long-term basis.
- ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY → the ability to generate quality employment and income for the population in order to promote secure economic growth.
- SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY → the equal promotion of human wellbeing (such as safety, health, education, justice, etc.)







Sample

	Respondents				
	N = 1437	%			
<u>SEX</u>					
Men	683	47.6			
Women	754	52.4			



	Respondents			
	N = 1437	%		
AGE COHORT				
18-24	136	9.5		
25-34	228	15.8		
35-44	270	18.8		
45-54	255	17.7		
55-64	197	13.7		
Over 64	351	24.4		

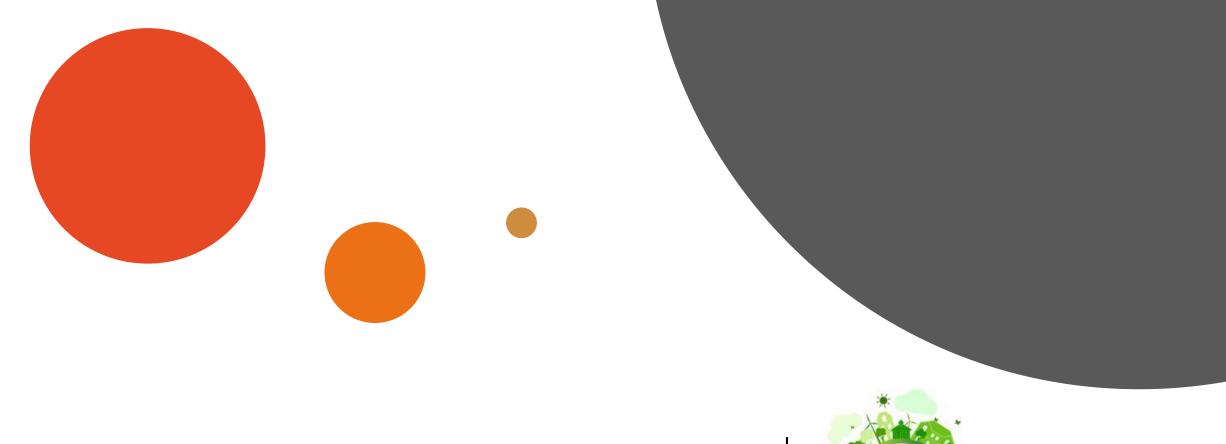


Sample

	Respondents				
	N = 1437	%			
EDUCATION					
Primary school	215	15.0			
Secondary school	955	66.4			
University degree and above	267	18.6			

	Respondents				
	N = 1437	%			
<u>REGION</u>					
Piemonte	101	7.0			
Valle d'Aosta	1	0.1			
Lombardia	248	17.2			
Trentino Alto Adige	10	0.7			
Friuli Venezia Giulia	98	6.8			
Veneto	58	4.0			
Liguria	35	2.5			
Emilia Romagna	113	7.8			
Toscana	80	5.5			
Umbria	25	1.7			
Marche	45	3.1			
Lazio	136	9.4			
Abruzzo	33	2.3			
Molise	7	0.5			
Campania	125	8.7			
Puglia	110	7.7			
Basilicata	20	1.4			
Calabria	32	2.2			
Sicilia	125	8.7			
Sardegna	36	2.5			





ITALIANS' ATTITUDES TOWARDS SUSTAINABILITY

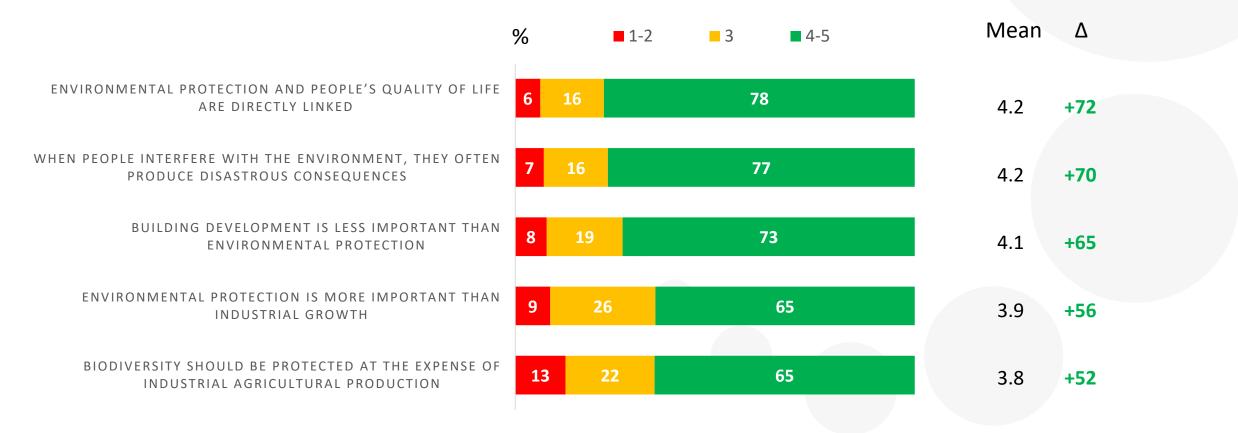




ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

Italians have an overall positive attitude towards environmental protection. There are only a few concerns in relation to what extent the environment should be protected at the expenses of the industrial growth and agricultural production.

'Please indicate the extent of your agreement/disagreement with the following statements:' N = 1437







ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

Male

Female

		N = 684	N = 754	N = 385	N = 279	N = 285	N = 327	N = 161
	Δ tot							
Environmental protection and people's quality of life are directly linked	+72	+70	+73	+69	+75	+78	+70	+63
When people interfere with the environment, they often produce disastrous consequences	+70	+66	+74	+68	+70	+69	+73	+68
Building development is less important than environmental protection	+65	+63	+68	+60	+75	+68	+66	+52
Environmental protection is more important than industrial growth	+56	+50	+61	+49	+67	+53	+61	+50
Biodiversity should be protected at the expense of industrial agricultural production	+52	+50	+55	+52	+64	+48	+52	+42

North-W

North-E

Center

South

Islands



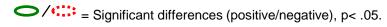




ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

	Δ tot	Before '45 N = 197	Baby boomers N = 426	X Gen N = 473	Millennials N = 227	Z Gen N = 114
Environmental protection and people's quality of life are directly linked	+72	+72	+77	+63	+71	+46
When people interfere with the environment, they often produce disastrous consequences	+70	+70	+77	+73	+67	+34
Building development is less important than environmental protection	+65	+55	+74	+67	+60	+39
Environmental protection is more important than industrial growth	+56	+55	+77	+67	+60	+39
Biodiversity should be protected at the expense of industrial agricultural production	+52	+51	+58	+49	+58	+41





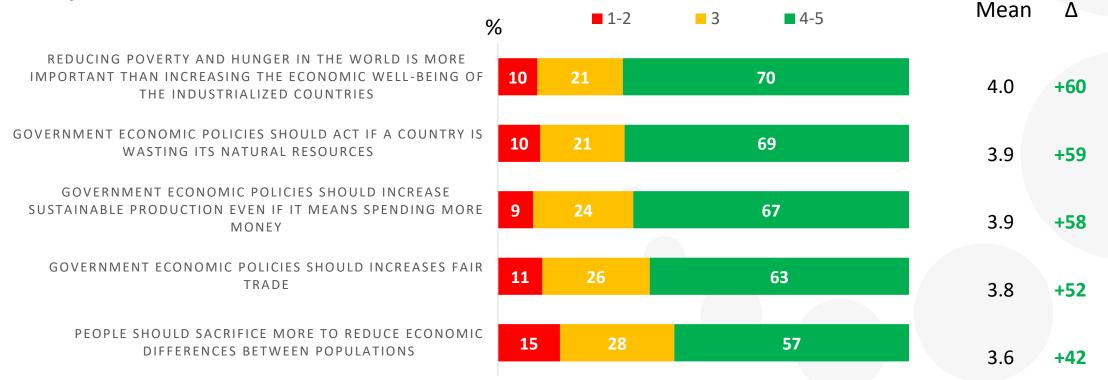


ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY

Italians show an overall positive attitude also towards economic sustainability. Some concerns can be noted in relation to how much people should sacrifice to reduce economic differences.

'Please indicate the extent of your agreement/disagreement with the following statements:'

N = 1437



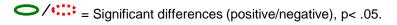




ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY

		Male N = 684	Female N = 754	North-W N = 385	North-E N = 279	Center N = 285	South N = 327	Islands N = 161
Reducing poverty and hunger in	Δ tot							
the world is more important than increasing the economic well-being of the industrialized countries	+60	+58	+61	+54	+63	+62	+65	+55
Government economic policies should act if a country is wasting its natural resources	+59	+54	+64	+51	+61	+54	+65	+48
Government economic policies should increase sustainable production even if it means spending more money	+58	+57	+60	+50	+63	+64	+65	+49
Government economic policies should increases fair trade	+52	+45	+59	+51	+47	+48	+65	+47
People should sacrifice more to reduce economic differences between populations	+42	+39	+44	+37	+38	+48	+42	+51



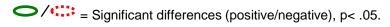




ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY

	Before '45 N = 197	Baby boomers N = 426	X Gen N = 473	Millennials N = 227	Z Gen N = 114
Δ tot	t				
Reducing poverty and hunger in the world is more important than increasing the economic well-being of the industrialized countries	50 +57	+67	+59	+55	+50
Government economic policies should act if a country is +5 wasting its natural resources	+62	+62	+62	+55	+41
Government economic policies should increase sustainable production even if it means spending more money	+49	+59	+62	+66	+39
Government economic policies should increases fair trade	+48	+55	+54	+49	+47
People should sacrifice more to reduce economic differences +4 between populations	+33	+47	+45	+45	+26



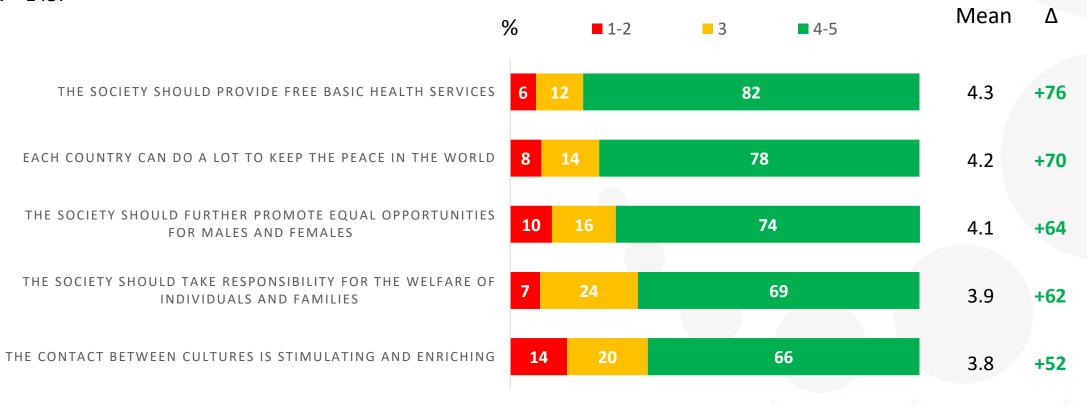




SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

Italians appear to have even more positive attitudes towards social sustainability. However, not everyone agrees that the contact between cultures is stimulating and enriching.

'Please indicate the extent of your agreement/disagreement with the following statements:' N = 1437







SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

Male N = 684 **Female N** = **754**

North-W N = 385

North-E N = 279

Center N = **285**

South N = **327**

Islands N = 161

The society should provide
free basic health services

+76

+74

+77

+78

+78

+76

+77



Each country can do a lot to keep the peace in the world

+70

+70

+70

+61

+78

+73

+76

+67

The society should further promote equal opportunities for males and females

+64

+55.

+70

+62

+67

+61

+70

+64

The society should take responsibility for the welfare of individuals and families

+62

+59

+64

+55

+61

+67

+70

+51

The contact between cultures is stimulating and enriching

+52

+43

+62

+50

+51

+56

+50

+63







SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

		Before '45	Baby boomers	X Gen	Millennials	Z Gen
	Δ tot	N = 197	N = 426	N = 473	N = 227	N = 114
The society should provide free basic health services	+76	+67	+79	+78	+74	+71
Each country can do a lot to keep the peace in the world	+70	+70	+75	+73	+69	+55
The society should further promote equal opportunities for males and females	+64	+63	+68	+70	+59	+37
The society should take responsibility for the welfare of individuals and families	+62	+55	+65	+66	+56	+55
The contact between cultures is stimulating and enriching	+52	+41	+48	+60	+56	+55







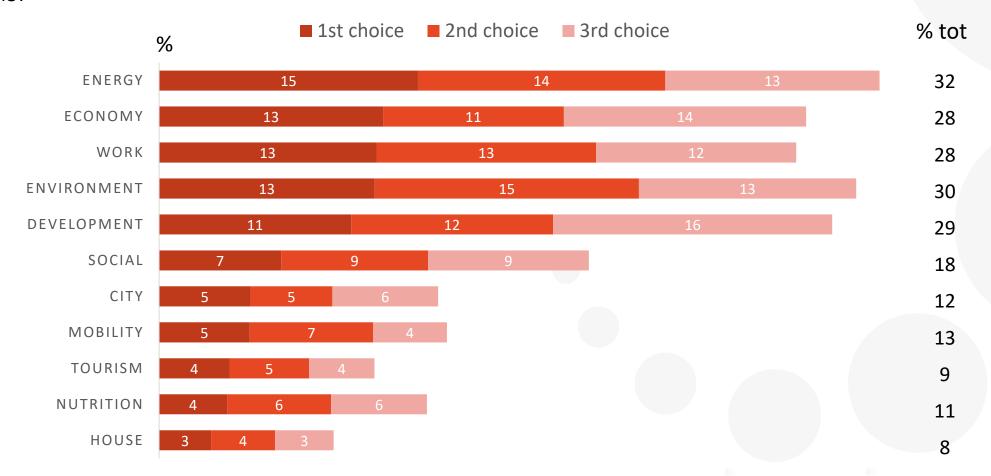
RELEVANCE, ATTENTION, AND COMMITTMENT TOWARDS SUSTAINABILITY



PRIORITY AREAS

According to Italian consumers, the priority areas are sustainable **energy**, **economy**, **work**, and **environment**. The topics of sustainable tourism, nutrition, and housing appear to be less relevant.

'According to you, what are the three priority areas in relation to sustanability?' N = 1437





PRIORITY AREAS

		Male	Female	North-W	North-E	Center	South	Islands
		N = 684	N = 754	N = 385	N = 279	N = 285	N = 327	N = 161
	% 1st choice							
Energy	15	15	15	15	18	18	12	14
Economy	13	14	12	14	10	11	15	14
Work	13	12	14	11	12	11	16	12
Environment	13	12	13	9	14	14	12	18
Development	11	12	10	14	12	11	16	12
Social	7	8	6	3	8	8	8	11
City	5	5	5	4	7	5	5	7
Mobility	5	6	4	9	4	6	3	3
Tourism	4	5	4	3	5	5	4	4
Nutrition	4	3	5	5	2	2	6	6
House	3	3	3	4	2	3	2	2



PRIORITY AREAS

	% First choice	Before '45 N = 197	Baby boomers N = 426	X Gen N = 473	Millennials N = 227	Z Gen N = 114
Energy	15	13	15	12	18	26
Economy	13	15	15	12	11	12
Work	13	15	13	14	9	8
Environment	13	10	15	11	13	13
Development	11	17	9	13	11	3
Social	7	6	8	6	6	11
City	5	4	4	6	6	9
Mobility	5	3	5	5	9	3
Tourism	4	3	5	4	4	5
Nutrition	4	4	3	5	5	3
House	3	3	3	3	3	2



PERCEIVED INTEREST

Environmental sustainability is the area where Italians perceive less interest and attention on behalf of their co-citizens.

'According to you, what is the level of attention and interest of Italian citizens towards...' N = 1437





PERCEIVED INTEREST

Male N = 684

Female N = **754**

North-W N = 385 **North-E N** = **279**

Center N = **285**

South N = **327**

Islands N = **161**

Δ tot

SOCIAL +7

+2

+11

(-6)

+11

+7

+19

+8

ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY

+5

+2

+8

(-3

(+12)

+3

+12

+8

ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

-10

-14

-5

-20

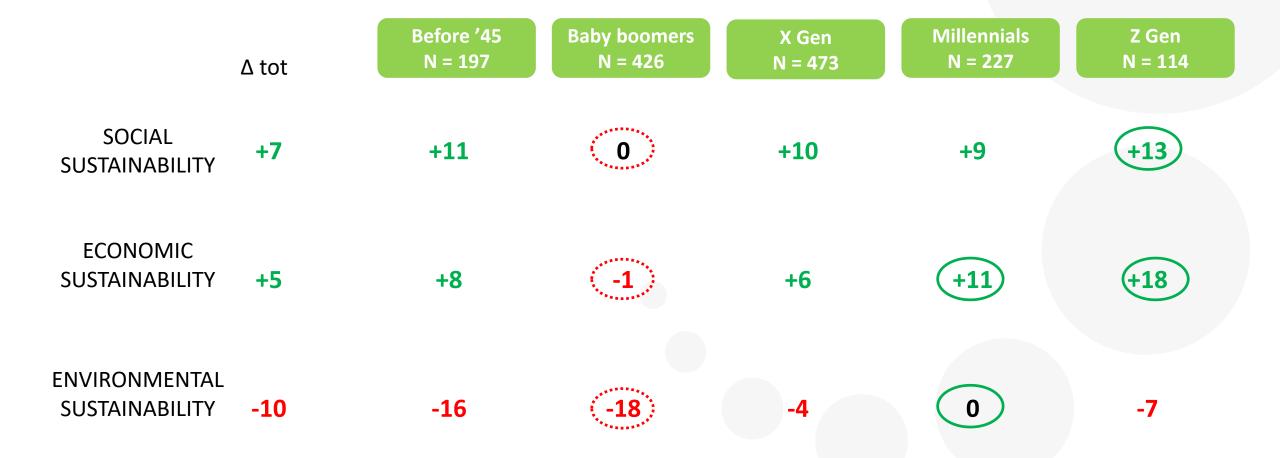
0

-14

<u>-1</u>

-7

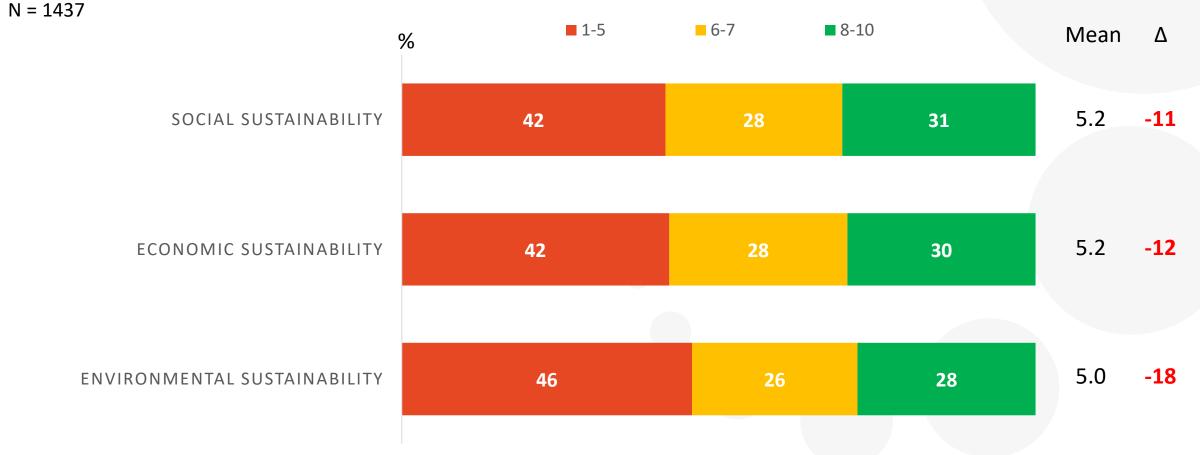
PERCEIVED INTEREST



PERCEIVED COMMITMENT

More than 40% of respondents believe that their co-citizens' commitment in making the difference in relation to sustainability issues is insufficient

'According to you, what is the level of commitment in making the difference of Italian citizens towards...'





PERCEIVED COMMITMENT

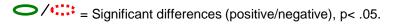
Male Female **North-W North-E Islands** Center South N = 684N = 754N = 385N = 279N = 285N = 327N = 161Δ tot **SOCIAL** (-20) (-20) (-19) -11 **SUSTAINABILITY ECONOMIC** (-25) -17 -17 -9 **SUSTAINABILITY** -12 **ENVIRONMENTAL** (-25) (-25) -10 -11 -10 -18 **SUSTAINABILITY** -18



PERCEIVED COMMITMENT

Baby boomers Millennials Before '45 Z Gen X Gen N = 426N = 197N = 227N = 114N = 473Δ tot **SOCIAL** (-21) -15 **-7** -11 **SUSTAINABILITY ECONOMIC** -25 -13 -13 **SUSTAINABILITY** -12 **ENVIRONMENTAL** -21 -15 **SUSTAINABILITY** -18







PERCEIVED LEVEL OF INFORMATION

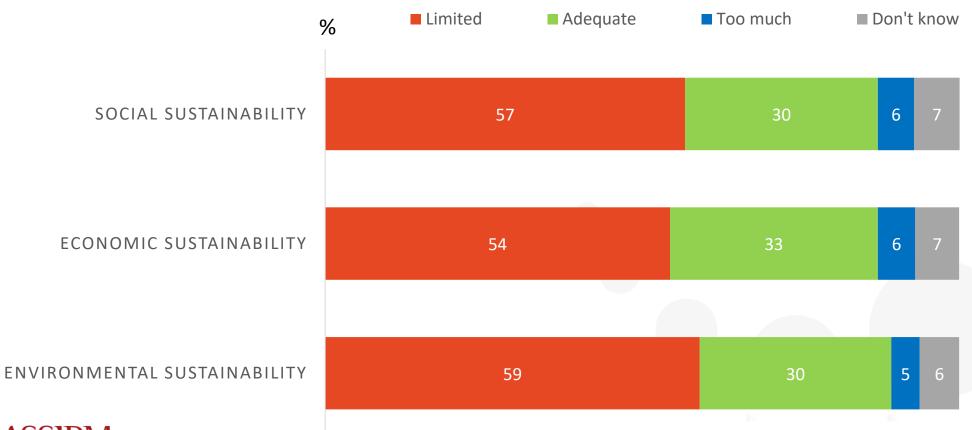




QUANTITY OF INFORMATION

More than 50% of Italians believe that the quantity of available information on sustainable issues is not sufficient.

'How do you evaluate the amount of available information?' N = 1437



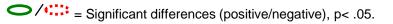




QUANTITY OF INFORMATION

		Male N = 684	Female N = 754	North-W N = 385	North-E N = 279	Center N = 285	South N = 327	Islands N = 161
%	limited							
SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY	57	59	55	57	58	61	51	59
ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY	54	56	53	57	53	56	49	59
ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY	59	62	56	59	58	63	58	56







QUANTITY OF INFORMATION

	% limited	Before '45 N = 197	Baby boomers N = 426	X Gen N = 473	Millennials N = 227	Z Gen N = 114
SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY	, 57	54	59	56	59	51
ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY	′ 54	52	58	56	52	42
ENVIRONMENTA SUSTAINABILITY		(51)	61	58	63	62

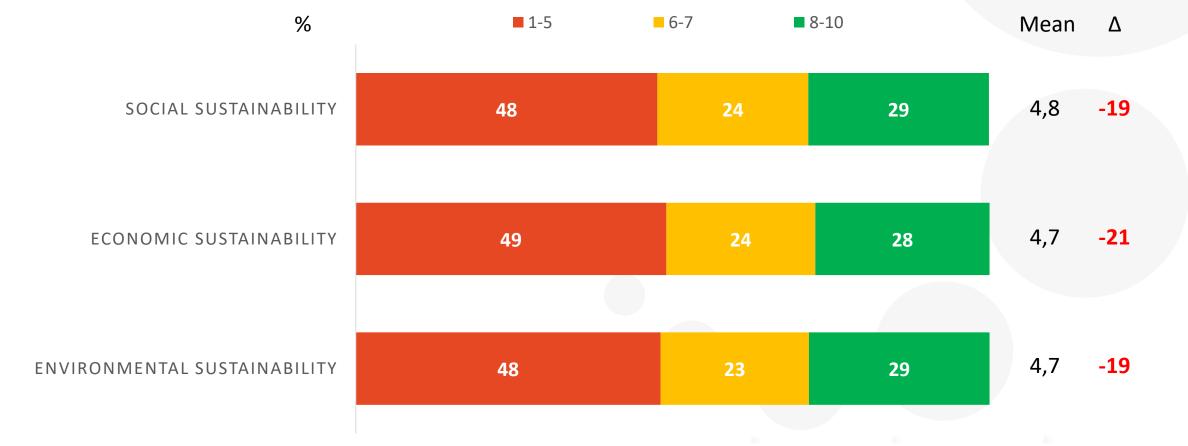




QUALITY OF INFORMATION

Almost 50% of Italians believe that the available information on sustainable issues is not sufficiently correct, transparent and reliable.

'How do you evaluate the quality of information (correctness, transparency, reliability)?' N = 1437







QUALITY OF INFORMATION

Male N = 684

Female N = **754**

North-W N = 385 North-E N = 279 **Center N** = **285**

South N = **327**

Islands N = 161

∆ tot

SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

-19

-23

-15

-20

-15

-24

-20

-15

ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY

-21

-23

-20

-23

-19

-24

-22

-18

ENVIRONMENTAL

SUSTAINABILITY -19

-23

-16

-20

-16

-23

-22

-14

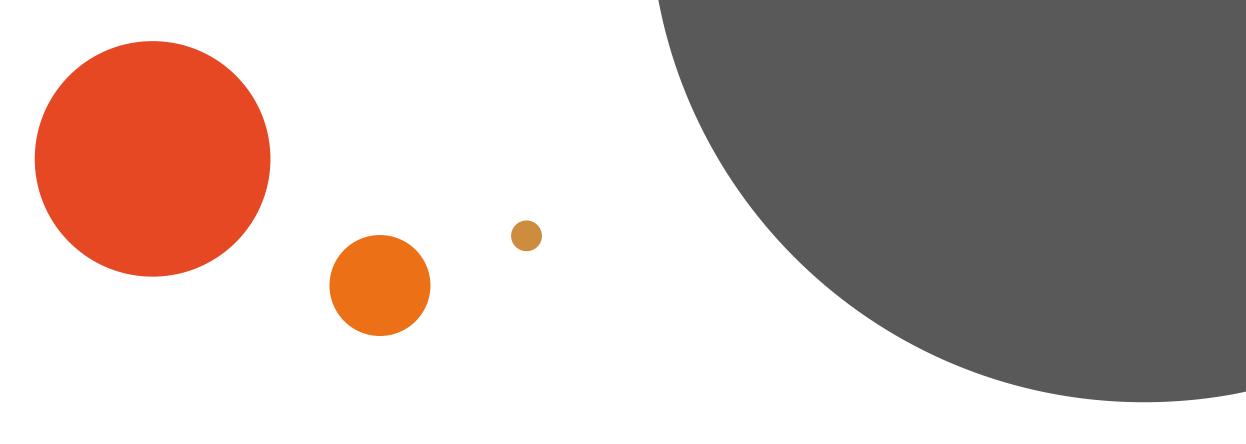




QUALITY OF INFORMATION

Millennials Before '45 **Baby boomers** Z Gen X Gen N = 197N = 426N = 227N = 114N = 473Δ tot SOCIAL (-30) -19 -19 -22 -10 **SUSTAINABILITY ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY** -25 -22 -21 **ENVIRONMENTAL** (_-31_) **SUSTAINABILITY** -19 -26 -21





FINAL REMARKS



IN CONCLUSION...

- Sustainability in its different facets appears to be a shared concern for Italians, at least at the «declared level».
- Italians' attention is particularly focused on the economic consequences of sustainability, while the environmental dimension appears less considered
- Among the generations, «baby boomers» appear more sensitized about sustainability, while the youngest appears less concerned or at least more sceptical
- However, although the issues related to sustainability today are part of Italians' social representations,
 public opinion doesn't appear ready and prepared to really enact sustainable actions
- The declared feeling is of a still scarce and poorly practical knowledge about the topic and of a still vague commitment toward it



IN CONCLUSION...

- There is thus need for further socio-political action aimed at educate citizens and at sustain their evolution toward more sustainable lifestyles and decisions
- ... and this first monitor can be considered as a real world lab to verify the impact of media and politic campaign about sustainability (i.e. such the Greta Thunberg's one)



